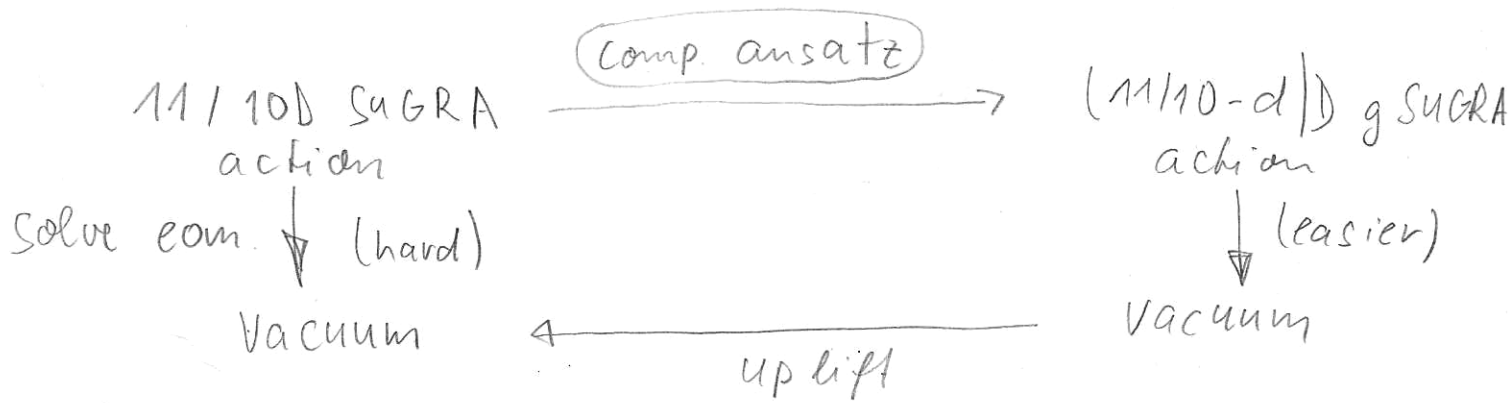


# Generalized Parallelizable Spaces, Consistent Truncations & Dualities 1705.09304, 1707.08624

## ① Introduction

parallelizable M:  $\exists \dim M$  smooth vector fields  $\{E_1, \dots, E_d\}$  on  $M$  provide basis for  $T_p M$  for all  $p \in M$

- examples:  $S^1, S^3, S^7$ , Lie groups
- counter example:  $S^2$  (hairy ball theorem)
- trivial TM  $\rightarrow$  \*compactifications preserve all SUSY are consistent



BUT there are more like  $AdS_7 \times S_4, AdS_5 \times S_5$  (hep-th/9903214) all have FLUXES  $\rightarrow$  generalized parallelizable M:

vector fields provide basis for gen. tangent bundle

e.g.  $TM \oplus \Lambda^{n-2} T^*M \ni V, W$

$V = \check{v} + \lambda \quad W = w + M$

gen. Lie derivative

$$\mathcal{L}_V W = [V, W] + L_V M - L_W d\lambda$$

$$\mathcal{L}_{\hat{E}_A} \hat{E}_B = X_{AB}^C \hat{E}_C$$

$$X_{AB}^C \text{ constant}$$

• read of compactification ansatz from  $\hat{E}_A$

- so far:
- ① choose  $M$
  - ② choose structure const.  $X_{AB}{}^C$
  - ③ guess  $\hat{E}_A$

→ all spheres are gen. parallelizable (1401.3360)

② Systematic approach

embed  $M$  into higher dim. parallelizable space = Lie group  $G$

with frame field  $E_A{}^I$  &

flat derivative  $D_A = E_A{}^I \partial_I$ ,  $[D_A, D_B] = X_{AB}{}^C D_C$

gen. Lie derivative:  $L_{\xi} V^A = [\xi, V]^A + \underbrace{Y_{CD}^{AB}}_{\text{implements structure of gen. tangent space}} D_B \xi^C V^D$

• inv tensor of  $E_d(d) = U$

$d$	2	3	4	5	6
$U$	$SL(2) \times \mathbb{R}^+$	$SL(3) \times SU(2)$	$SL(5)$	$Spin(5,5)$	$E_{6(6)}$
$R_1$	$2_1 + 1_{-1}$	$(3, 2)$	$(10)$	16	27 ...

$TM \oplus \wedge^2 T^*M \cong 4 + 6 = 10$

closure  $[L_{\xi_1}, L_{\xi_2}] V = L_{(L_{\xi_1} \xi_2)} V$  requires

① restriction on  $X_{AB}{}^C$

$R_1 \times R_1 \times \bar{R}_1 \rightarrow R_1 \times \text{adj}(U) \rightarrow$  embedding tensor irreps

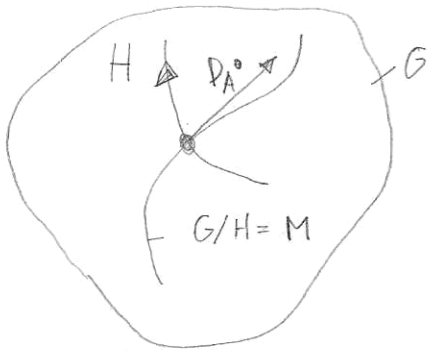
e.g.  $d=4$   $10 \times 24 \rightarrow 10 + 15 + 40$

classifies all var.  $g$  SUGRA<sub>5</sub> in  $(11-d)$  dim

② section condition

$$\gamma^{AB}{}_{CD} D_A D_B \cdot = 0$$

$$\gamma^{AB}{}_{CD} D_A \cdot D_B \cdot = 0 \quad (1)$$



foliation, describe in terms of H-principal bundle over M

\* connection  $A = t_a A^a_i dx^i$

dim H = d components e.g.

6 = 4 for  $SL(5)$  only

4 are independent

Solution  $\hat{=}$  flat connection

$$\mathfrak{g} = \mathfrak{m} \oplus \mathfrak{h}$$

for a)  $[\mathfrak{m}, \mathfrak{m}] \subset \mathfrak{h}$

$[\mathfrak{m}, \mathfrak{h}] \subset \mathfrak{m}$

$[\mathfrak{h}, \mathfrak{h}] \subset \mathfrak{h}$

M symmetric space

b)  $[\mathfrak{m}, \mathfrak{m}] \subset \mathfrak{m}$

$[\mathfrak{h}, \mathfrak{h}] \subset \mathfrak{h}$

M Lie group

with FLUXES

proven

③ T-Duality

different choices for H with same G

example

$$O(d-1, d-1) \subset E_{d(d)}$$

with

$$TM \oplus T^*M$$

• H maximally isotropic subgroup of G

b)  $\rightarrow$  Drinfeld double  $\rightarrow$  Poisson Lie T-duality

includes

abelian + non-ab. T-duality

vacua

different 10D

(10=d) D vacuum

